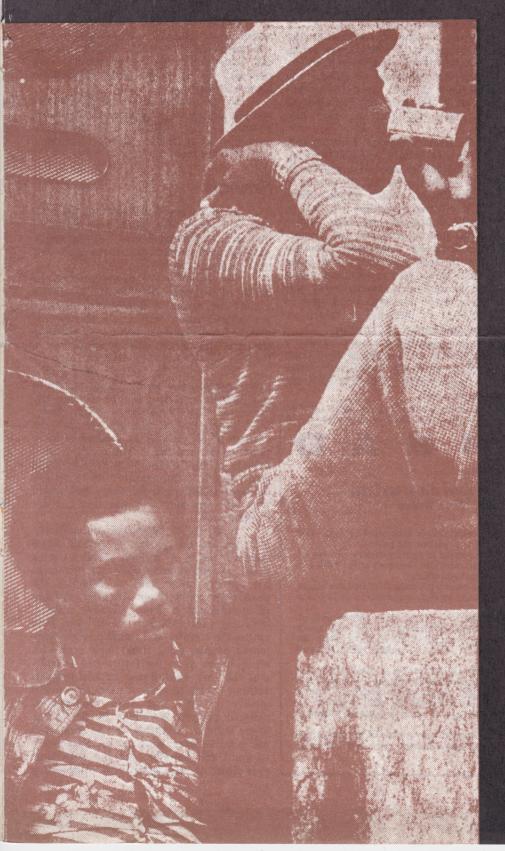
No. 89 November 1975

Spearhead
12p



-Winston Churchill

COMMENT ON BRITAIN'S GROWING ARMY OF IDLE

SEE PAGE 4



Import controls or not?

The appalling inroads made by foreign manufacturers into the British market in recent years have made the question of import controls an increasingly live issue. Mr. Peter Shore has spoken out against the volume of imported motor vehicles. Representatives of the textile industry have called for import curbs in their sector. The footwear industry has made similar representations.

All this clamour has brought its reaction. There is an almost inbred tendency among those who see themselves as the guardians of free enterprise to look at import controls as an alien, socialistic and left-wing idea which will result in uncompetitiveness and inefficiency and which anyway runs contrary to Britain's whole tradition as a world trading nation.

In this outlook, however, there are certain uncomfortable flaws. The first is that the theory is not borne out by the practice In the period in which British industry has been most exposed to foreign competition in the home market it has become less, rather than more, efficient and less, rather than more, competitive. In the same period Japanese industry, operating behind effective, if not official, protective barriers, has become the most efficient and competitive in the world.

The experience of Japan has also exploded another dogma that provides one of the pillars of the free traders' argument: that controls against imports will meet with reprisals that will hit exports with greater damage than the imports themselves can cause. In the period in which Japan practically closed her doors to imported manufactured goods she still found no difficulty in selling her own all over the world — thus proving that if the goods are right people will buy them, regardless of other considerations.

So far as the traditional aspect is concerned, it should be said that traditions are not made in order for them to survive for all time; they should survive just for as long as they are feasible and useful. Britain's tradition as a world trading nation is in fact of quite recent occurrence, and dates from a phase in our history in which, just momentarily, we enjoyed conditions especially favourable to that tradition, these being almost total industrial and technical supremacy and unquestioned imperial sway over enormous areas of the earth which gave us special 'spheres of influence' in which we had a mile start on any of our rivals.

Our international trading economy is only 'traditional' to the extent that these preconditions of it are 'traditional'; when tradition outlives facts, it is time for tradition to be reviewed.

The free traders are at least right in

one respect: that import controls alone will not revive British industry. Our industry needs drastic improvement in several other respects, notably in modernisation, which in turn calls for massive investment.

But for this to bear fruit industry needs an assured market to provide a framework for long range planning. The great overhaul that British industry needs cannot be expected to achieve the desired results overnight, and protective measures undoubtedly are required to see it through the teething stage.

In the longer term, the fullest possible access to an assured home market provides the only means by which British industry can achieve the size of production runs necessary for it to be really competitive internationally.

So the simple answer to the import controls argument is: Yes, we need import controls — but together with the other essentials of industrial success, not as a substitute for them.

Franco

As these words are written, the pink press is drooling with gleeful expectation of the death of General Franco — savouring the prospect of the return to chaos in Spain that may come as a result.

The Caudillo was never forgiven the crime of winning the Spanish Civil War against the forces of Bolshevism, Anarchy and anti-Christian terror, nor for that of making Spain the most stable, and probably the least degenerate, country in Europe in the four decades following that war.

Not even the Second World War itself became quite such a cause celebre as the Iberian conflict did to British and European — and American — leftery. Every good progressive of military age and the courage of his convictions flocked in those years to the motley — but mostly red — colours of the International Brigade, while those of the wrong age (or with rather less courage) stayed in Bloomsbury and waged war with the pen — a war that has not stopped since.

If we are to believe what these scribblers tell us, our picture of Franco Spain must be one of 35 million people groaning under a brutal tyranny. However, this image has become rather hard to sustain as the years have marched on. Annually, millions of holidaymakers from all over Europe, including great numbers of Britons, have visited the country and found a largely contented people, going about their work with an optimism as to the future and a feeling that they are making real material progress without having to make the sacrifices in the quality of life that have accompanied material progress elsewhere in the world. These millions of visitors have in most cases not gone to Spain with any pro-Franco axe to grind and therefore did not have their eyes closed to any signs of police oppression

SPEARHEAD

No. 89 NOVEMBER 1975

Office: 50 Pawsons Road, Croydon, CRO 2QF, Surrey (Tel. 01-684 3730)
Editor: John Tyndall Asst. Editor: Martin Webster

Spearhead exists to reflect a cross-section of contemporary British nationalist opinion. It is privately published by its Editor and is independent of all political parties and groups.

Unless specifically stated to the contrary, the views expressed in signed articles or letters are the sole responsibility of their authors and do not necessarily represent the views of the Editor or the policies of any political organisation Spearhead may support editorially.

The appearance of an advertisement in Spearhead is not necessarily indicative that the Editor has any knowledge of, interest in or support for the product, service, organisation or function advertised.

Spearhead welcomes enquiries from potential advertisers, to whom rates will be sent on request. Advertising matter, accompanied by pre-payment, must be submitted at least one month prior to the publishing date (normally the first day of each, month) of the issue for which the advertisement is intended. The Editor reserves the right to refuse to publish advertisements submitted

The Editor is pleased to receive from readers manuscripts of articles for possible publication which should normally be not longer than 1,250 words and typed in double-spacing. No payment is made for articles published, which become Spearhead copyright unless authors specifically request otherwise at the time they submit their manuscripts. The Editor reserves the right to shorten or otherwise amend articles accepted for publication should shortage of space or editorial judgment require such alteration to be made.

Those wishing to re-print Spearhead articles must first gain the permission of the Editor and undertake to include with the re-printed matter the author's name and the name and address of Spearhead.

had those signs been visible. The fact that so few have come back with any evidence of

such oppression speaks for itself.

Of course, you are likely to be severely dealt with it you go to Spain with the object of engaging in subversive activities. The Spanish are not like the modern day British: they do not tolerate those who use violence to accomplish political ends, and, having had a taste of communism in the flesh in the 1930s, they are not inclined to pussyfoot with those who wish to bring communism back. But so long as you do not go to their country with the intention of working to that end, or in any other way to threaten peace and order, you can freely criticise the Government and remain unmolested in a way that is quite out of the question in the Soviet Union or elsewhere in Eastern Europe - an area to which Jack Jones has not vet implored us not to go for our holidays.

The methods of government that Franco has used over the years to achieve this tranquil state of affairs in a usually volatile country may be less than perfect to people brought up on British ideas of liberal

democracy.

But of course to Spaniards who visit this country our own methods of government might also appear very much less than perfect.

Perhaps the question of which form of government is furthest from perfection might be decided by a glance at where each country, Spain and Britain, stands now in relation to where it stood in 1936.

'Alienation' and all that

The campaign to flood the police forces of Britain with coloureds is really getting under way. On October 23rd a pagesize advertisement appeared in the London Evening News calling for coloured recruits to the Metropolitan Police. The advertisement was headed with the words "Is racial prejudice keeping you out of the Metropolitan Police?" and beneath these words was a happy family snapshot of Commissioner Sir Robert Mark in the company of a black and a white policeman and a black policewoman.

The gist of the appeal was that 'racial prejudice' did indeed exist in the force, just as it did in the population at large, but this should not deter coloureds from joining.

The advert went on to say that one of the main purposes in the appeal for coloured recruits was that in an increasingly multiracial society different types of police officer. were needed to deal with different types of members of the public. The familiar lefty word 'alienation' was used to describe instances where lack of sympathy existed through police belonging to one ethnic group and the public another.

Those who composed this advert either inadvertently or deliberately chose to leave out one important consideration: The vast majority of the populace, even in London, still consists of native white Britons. A larger proportion of coloureds in the police is going to mean a greater number of instances in which coloured police are going to have to deal with white members of the public.

It seems to us a matter of common sense that 'alienation' (if we must use that word) is going to increase rather than decrease as a consequence of this. Our knowledge of Mr. and Mrs. Average Cockney is that they are not likely to take terribly kindly to being told to "move along there" in their native city by a constable originating from Barbados or Bangla Desh. Have Sir Robert Mark and his colleagues thought of this? They certainly ought to have.

How it is done

Diaries can sometimes reveal much. In those of Cecil King, published in The Sunday Telegraph, a lunchtime conversation with Lord Shawcross taking place two years ago is related thus :-

"He (Shawcross) is Chairman of Thames Television and has been disturbed at the volume of left-wing propaganda put out by commentators from his station. He had up the man responsible, and questioned him about the bias shown by his department. The man said he was a left-winger himself, as were most of his staff. He would not brook any interference with his work, though of course the directors could dismiss him. If they did so there would be a strike and the station would close down.'

To this we can only remark that, bearing in mind Lord Shawcross's own socialist background, anything which appeared leftwing to him must have been very left-wing

Further comment on the story is superfluous.

"No watering down"

In the October issue of the National Front paper Britain First the Editor replies to allegations that the paper is seeking to liberalise and water down "essential British Nationalist" (by which presumably he means National Front) policies, and he replies that "nothing could be further from the truth."

Taken at face value, this statement is reassuring. Some people, however, may decide that they need a firmer reassurance in the form of the actual contents of the paper

taken over an extended period.

Most people who took part in the formation of the NF and pioneered its subsequent development did so under the impression that it was a party that believed in leadership – not leadership in the form of dictatorship but leadership of a very much stronger order than Britain obtains from the old parties today.

But according to several references in Britain First and by its main contributers elsewhere this would appear not to be so. In their interpretation of the policy of the National Front, leadership, it seems, has no

place - or at least a very minor place. To quote one of these gentlemen, "The strength of the National Front lies in its policies and its members. A strong party doesn't need strong leaders."

Such a statement poses certain questions. One is that if the NF has strong policies, whence did they come? Did they drop as did the gentle rain from heaven, or did they gestate in the minds of a few individual thinkers - to use an apparently blasphemous term, leaders in thought?

And what of the activities that have forced the NF into prominence? Did everybody spontaneously think of and initiate such activities, or were they conceived and initiated by a few leaders in action?

No-one denies that the strength of the NF lies in its members. But how were those members recruited and motivated in the first place – except by the leadership of a few?

Quite apart from these questions, there is another implication behind this antileadership jargon - that so long as the policies of the NF are alright it matters not what calibre of individuals are available to

put them over to the public.

In our view this downgrading of the importance of leadership is a left-wing, marxist concept in line with the fallacy that "all people are equal". We think that any concession to this sort of ideology constitutes not just a 'watering down' of Nationalist policies but a downright betraval of them.

But perhaps we are wrong. Perhaps we who launched the National Front in the 1960s did so under a misapprehension as to what its real political philosophy was, and perhaps these young gentlemen, who were at school at the time, are correct in their interpretation of that philosophy - perhaps they are its real standard bearers.

In that case will our readers please let us know, so that we can humbly take our

Downfall of Mr. Slater

Much needs to be revealed about the ousting of Mr. Jim Slater from his financial empire before any really authoritative comment can be made. One or two interesting developments, however, have transpired.

One newspaper, commenting on the matter, stated that Mr. Slater had never really been accepted by the "City Establishment", despite his rapid financial success, We do not know whether this is connected with the fact that Mr. Slater himself is alleged to be no lover of a certain race which happens to be very influential inside that Establishment.

We do know, however, that upon Mr. Slater's downfall three powerful figures immediately moved into controlling positions in his empire: Messrs. Goldsmith, Hambro and Rothschild.

We await further information with

The Jarrow jobless didn't take to mugging

The brutal murder by muggers of a Brixton fishmonger last month brought into the spotlight once again the frightening growth of the mugging Britain's immigrantepidemic in infested areas.

Brixton itself has the worst record of any such area in the country, and it has been described by local Detective Chief Superintendent Jim Smyth as "a terrifying place to live and work".

There can be no doubt that it is the coloured section in the population that is the chief cause of the mugging disease. In the borough of Lambeth, of which Brixton is a part, police statistics show that around 80 per-cent of muggings are carried out by coloured youths, while 85 per-cent of their victims are white. This latter figure indicates the element of race war in the

In nearby Lewisham similar sta-

tistics have been produced.

For years the practitioners of the race relations industry have attempted to conceal statistics of this sort, but police investigation, which has to be based on a respect for facts, has borne them out. Now that the race-mixers can no longer hide these facts, they have switched to another tactic to whitewash the coloureds: they are the victims, it is alleged, of unjust social conditions, poor education and unemployment. To support unemployment argument, figures have been produced to show that among jobless youths having recently left school the proportion of coloureds is considerably larger than among the population as a whole.

This all may be so, but as an excuse for mugging it is pathetic. In the 1930s unemployment in Britain's depressed industrial areas was far worse than anywhere in the country now. Most of the unemployed were poorly educated, having left school at a much earlier age than the coloured kids of today. They lived in a harsh environment and in conditions of the direst poverty and hunger. They could not expect the same generosity of social security hand-out as the young blacks of modern Lambeth and Lewisham. They had much more reason to get on the wrong side of the

Yet very few of them did. And as for the vile crime of mugging elderly citizens in lonely streets at night - this was almost totally unknown.

The unemployed of Jarrow gave vent to their discontent by marching to London to demand economic and social justice, but so far as the law and morals were concerned they pt their dignity and selfrespect. It's time that the race-relations

brigade stopped concocting feeble excuses for the black mugging parasites and joined with the police and all responsible citizens in sweeping this vicious cult off the streets of Britain.

BRITAIN'S BLACK THEFRIGHTENING **PROSPECTS**



Britain's out of work young blacks: sullen, aimless and multiplying.

BRITAIN is storing up for herself a nightmare future in the form of the growing army of young blacks leaving school with little prospect of useful employment and liable to turn to

The appalling outbreaks of mugging in some of our crowded urban areas have highlighted this problem. An overwhelming portion of the muggings are committed by coloured youths, many of them out of work and likely to remain so.

We are now reaping the harvest of our short-sighted immigration policy of the last 20-30 years. The immigrants are breeding children, as a rule at a far higher rate than native Britons. Many of the children do not have the aptitudes to benefit from the education facilities available to them. They leave school not having learnt much. Their qualifications, or lack of them, do not commend them to would-be employers. They drift into idleness and often crime.

Of course they cannot be compared in their lot with the unemployed of the hungry 30s. The state keeps them in relative comfort. They are hardly encouraged to go out for work. In their growing millions they become a burden on the British taxpayer.

Unless there is a massive and thorough repatriation programme aimed at resettling these people in the lands of their parents, a dark future awaits them - and us - in Britain.

End this anarchy

AN APPEAL FROM NORTHERN IRELAND

SOUTH ARMAGH (part of the Queen's Realm) has become Republican territory. It has been taken over by the I.R.A., who openly parade the streets of villages, the lanes and the roads throughout this area armed with modern, sophisticated weaponry. They live in fear of no forces of law simply because the forces of law do not go into the area. They are not allowed to by the British Government.

Some Crown Forces do inhabit the R.U.C. Station at Crossmaglen, but they never venture out on foot. They are supplied by helicopter — even their food is flown in to them — and even the unloading of the rubbish is done by helicopter!

If this was the only area involved in the Province it would be bad enough but the Falls, Ardoyne, Short Strand, Andersonstown, Ballymurphy, New Barnsley, Turf Lodge, Bawnmore, New Lodge and other areas in Belfast, the Bogside in Derry, the Tunnel area of Portadown, Strabane, large areas of Lurgan, and many, many more parts of Ulster never see the Forces of the Crown. These are called No-go Areas!

The Police are just not allowed in! They can't issue summonses, they can't check stolen vehicles, road tax, drunken drivers, or any of the minor tasks that need attending to in daily routine

Police work.

Northern Ireland is being born to pieces daily by armed robberies, bank raids, muggings, murders, bombings and all the other serious crimes that are inherent to a lawless society, and the Police are not allowed to investigate them. Brutal

This appeal was first printed in the Loyalist magazine THE ORANGE CROSS

murders take place regularly, witnessed by many people, and the Police can't do a thing about it. They just have to wait on the fringes and if a suspect emerges from his haven of No-Go — then, and then only, can the Police pick him up for questioning.

You people in the rest of the United Kingdom might find this hard to believe — but it is true! You will find it even harder to grasp the full implication of the effect it does have on the rest of the population. It is like a cancer — it spreads, and unfortunately it has spread to some Loyalist areas — much to our regret.

From the No-Go areas we have named emerge the killer with impunity. They are armed to the teeth now during this farcical cease-fire. They carry out their dastardly deeds — including foul murders — then slip back into their havens of No-Go areas to plan, with impunity, their next act of terror.

This state of affairs has now been allowed to continue since 1969. The British Government put the troops in here to stamp out murder. At that time there were approximately 10 dead – now there is 1,309 dead and 13,000 injured! That, friends, is just how successful their security policies have been. The numbers surely speak for them-

selves - we do not have to elaborate.

The law-abiding and peaceful citizens of Ulster have just about stood enough, and cannot be expected to stand much more. True, there has been periodic outbursts of Loyalist violence early in the 1970's. True, there have been the periodic killings of innocent Roman Catholics. We cannot condone this in any way, but we can understand the pentup and frustrated feelings of the vast majority of people — can you?

Can you appreciate that we are sick and tired of politicians and empty political answers? Can you understand that we only want to live in peace and quietness, and without fear? Can you understand that we long for and miss our menfolk and relatives locked up and left to rot in such places as Long Kesh? Can you understand that we want the I.R.A. and all its cohorts stamped out, destroyed and obliterated off the face of the Earth forever? Can you understand that we cannot stand any more of the butchering, maiming and slaughtering of our men, women and children by them? Can you understand that we want to do it ourselves as Ulstermen — legally, fairly and above board as lawabiding citizens. All we ask for is the arms and the authority to do so.

Call us what you will - 'B' Specials, Security Corps, Home Guard, or anything else - names do

not matter.

So, in the name of God, Mr. Rees, we appeal to you - give us the tools and we will finish the job.







Three scenes of Ulster devastation: the carnage continues, yet appearement policy is still upheld.

REDISTRIBUTION OF RACE MENACE

WE LIVE in an age where the public has got used to being showered with gloomy statistics. However, figures recently revealed by the government's Population and Census Office should give cause for real anxiety to white people, concerned about their future, living in the West Country.

The latest migration survey figures show that the region proved a magnet attraction for more than 120,000 people in the year before the 1971 Census. This was a 29 per-cent increase on the comparable year before the 1966 Census. The West's biggest draw is from London and the West Midlands, and 20 per-cent of those coming into the South West originally came from the New Commonwealth (which excludes Canada, Australia and New Zealand). Or, put another way: in one year alone, over 24,000 coloured immigrants moved into the West Country "officially".

In the intervening five-years, the West Country has steadily increased its coloured population as thousands more move into the region every year. And as thousands upon thousands of coloured immigrants continue to pour into Britain, the country's two main centres of coloured settlement; Greater London and the West Midlands, are near saturation point. It is therefore significant to note the population changes taking place in other parts of the country as London and the West Midlands, start to bulge at the seams with coloureds.

The Government's concern over the numbers of immigrants living in densely populated areas of Britain is made quite clear in its latest white paper on immigrants' welfare - racial discrimination. The White Paper admits quite openly that the multiracial experiment in Britain during the past 15 years has been one gigantic flop! And with unemployment rising steadily, the Government is becoming aware of the thousands of young white school leavers in particular who are now beginning to look at their black counterparts with a gut feeling as they slowly realise what a cruel hoax was played out in the classroom by their racemixing mentors. And they have plenty to feel hurt about - especially when they see glaring at them in our national newspapers Police Force adverts depicting a black copper under the caption "I dont have any worries about the future".

However, while the new legislation will give even more protection for blacks, such as the power to insist that employers waive certain entrance examinations to make it easier for blacks to get jobs, the government admits in its White Paper that all the legislation in the world can never wipe out the

people's deep resentment against the black menace in our midst.

Government race-mixers are therefore busy preparing attractive resettlement programmes to encourage immigrants to move away to other parts of the country. The name of the game is 'dispersal', and the idea behind the scheme is to spread the load of coloureds throughout Britain in a desperate attempt to (a) conceal from the British public the enormous number of coloured immigrants now resident in this country and (b) to attempt to avoid the inevitable clashes between white and coloured unemployed in some of the larger cities, where tension is already mounting as the dole queues grow longer. And, while West Country towns and cities like Bristol, Gloucester, Cheltenham, Bridgwater, Swindon and Trowbridge are already suffering from the menace of immigration, all the signs are that their present problems are soon to be augmented with a further massive dose of 'racial harmonising' within the next few years.

Amongst a whole range of new legislation designed to make life even more comfy for immigrants in the government's White Paper is provision for making attractive inducements to coloureds to move away from the ghettos they've created for them-selves into other areas of Britain where more favourable socio-economic conditions prevail. Part of the government's plan to encourage immigrants to migrate from Greater London and the West Midlands, and also make life a lot easier for coloureds in general, is the scrapping of the present Race Relations Board and the Community Relations Commission and replacing them with a larger, consolidated body called the race relations commission. This new Commission will have much greater powers than the present two bodies, and the present number of staff and offices dealing with immigrants' welfare is to

be increased quite substantially throughout Britain.

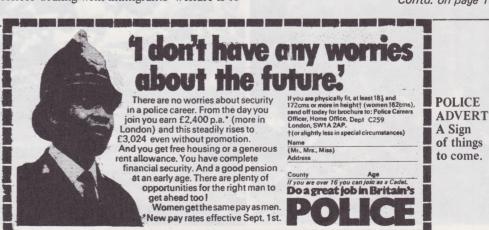
Once the recommendations in the White Paper become law, all kinds of changes will take place aimed at getting preferential treatment for coloureds over the heads of the indigenous population. Some publicity has already been given to some of the more ridiculous aspects of the White Paper such as the lifting of all membership restrictions in private clubs in a surreptitious attempt to force integration at all stratas of life. It is not sufficient for our Government racemixers that millions of our people have already to suffer the degradation of having to live and work side by side with immigrants; they plan to add to their torment by foisting coloureds into their private and social lives as well. I suppose that next they will pass a law insisting that white families invite blacks to tea every Sunday afternoon!

However, much less publicised are the new powers the Commission will be able to wield in the employment and housing field. In addition to gaining new authority to insist that employers increase their numbers of coloured employees, the new Race Commission will also be able to force Local Authorities (not that many need much forcing already!) to revise, where it operates, the council house allocation 'Points System'. This will make it much easier for coloureds in the future to move away from the large private tenements into the council housing sector. So not only will coloureds continue to take all the free state benefits they can lay their hands on but the new Race Laws will enable them to grab much of the available housing and jobs as well!

Heaven knows how much longer the madness of cosseting immigrants will carry on before the public recovers from its long bout of somnolence and cries enough!

What is certain is that in the meantime coloureds will continue to debase and erode the living standards of millions of people around London, the North of England and the Midlands as they continue to pour into these traditional immigrant settlement centres. The new legislation will also make it much more attractive for immigrants to

Contd. on page 13



NONE OTHER than the Governor of the Bank of England himself has now confirmed what *Spearhead* has been saying all along about inflation.

The Governor, Mr. Gordon Richardson, speaking at the Lord Mayor of London's Dinner to City Bankers last month, said that many bankers believe that the creation of too much money by the Government is a major cause of inflation. The Government, he said, creates extra money to bridge the gap between its expenditure and its income from taxation.

Mr. Richardson went on to say:

"I should not conceal my anxieties about the public borrowing requirement."

In these words, the Governor of the Bank of England blew the whole lid off the financial racket that rules the Government's monetary policies. He admitted that money was being 'created' and that it was created by being 'borrowed'. He was in fact acknowledging that the bankers were 'manufacturing' money to lend to the Government in a way no different to that of a counterfeiter who prints banknotes with a machine in a basement.

The bankers' technique is of course a little more refined than that. When the new money is 'created' it comes into existence by a mere ledger entry — or, to put it in more modern terms, a mere movement on a computer; it is not backed up by any hard cash, nor does it have to be.

GOVERNMENT ROLE

Mr. Richardson chose of course, as a representative of the banking fraternity, to name the Government as the party 'creating' the money, but this is nonsense, as he implied in his comment that he worried about the "public borrowing requirement". The Government does not borrow money from itself but from the banking sector. The many references that we have heard from politicians and bankers over the last year or so to the Government 'creating' or 'printing' money are merely designed to conceal the fact that such 'creation' is the prerogative of the bankers themselves, 'lending' to the Government.

The whole practice of 'borrowing' money into circulation is of course ludicrous. The Government should in fact be allowed to print new money, not as a loan but as a straight gift to the economy, at a rate that equals the increase in gross national wealth. This new money would cover a large part of yearly public expenditure, requiring a very much smaller part to be raised in taxes.

Now Governor of the Bank of England admits it...

BANK and the opposite of the option of the object month of the obj



BANK OF ENGLAND Tool of Money Power

WE CAN DO WITHOUT THIS MUCK

REPRINTED on the opposite page is a section of Beacon, which purports to be a new independent journal supporting the National Front.

It gives us no pleasure to draw Beacon to the attention of our readers, but we feel it is our duty to do so. Over the past months Spearhead has on occasions warned its readers of the dangers to the integrity of the NF that could stem from internal sources. If ever justification of our warnings was needed, this latest piece of muck has provided it.

We do not question the right of the publishers of Beacon to bring out their own journal or to use it to state their own views. Spearhead defends its own right in those respects.

Beacon, however, condemns itself by its tones of hysterical abuse and downright libellous attacks on individuals in the National Front, past and present, and by its resort to lies and distortion worthy of the journalistic standards of the gutter Left.

When we first saw this little rag we pondered very carefully on the idea that we should just contemptuously ignore it. It is, however, clear that it has had considerable circulation among National Front members, and it may well have fulfilled its obvious purpose of influencing the direction of voting at last month's NF Annual General Meeting. In the past our refusal to answer publicly attacks

made on our Editor and Assistant Editor has been taken by some people to mean that we have no answer to those attacks. We are therefore featuring on pages 10, 11 and 12 an interview with John Tyndall in which he deals with the smears of the Beacon contributers and a few other smears which they and their allies in the NF have been at pains to circulate during the last year.

When Beacon first came into our hands we did not instantly assume that all those whose names were featured in it had seen, read and endorsed all its contents. However, we thought that if it were the case that some of those persons featured sincerely wished to dissociate themselves from the cruder and more extreme comments written by others they would publicly do so in a written communication circulated in the same quarters or by some verbal statement of condemnation at the A.G.M. We have not yet heard of or seen any such communication, nor was there any such A.G.M. statement. An instruction was sent out by the party leadership prohibiting the distribution of Beacon ON THE PREMISES at the A.G.M. but not otherwise proscribing it or condemning it.

Until some very clear public dissociation of this kind is announced, we must reluctantly assume that those giving their names to the publication must wish to be identified with its entire contents. If this is the case, it is a very sad development for our nationalist movement.

Reopening of Spearhead Fund

At the beginning of this year it was hoped that Spearhead would be paying its way sufficiently for us to be able to dispense with the special fund through which it had been subsidised by supporters in the past. This calculation was based on the very rapid progress in the attainment of new subscribers that had accompanied the rapid growth of the National Front.

We regret that this progress has not been sustained during the past year and that the number of new subscribers obtained has been less than the usual drop-out of old subscribers. Our income from subscriptions has therefore gone down.

It is also regrettable that certain people whom we might have expected to be allies and friends of our journal on the basis of their professed political beliefs have made it their policy to treat Spearhead as an enemy and have used what powers they could to discourage, rather than encourage, its circulation among nationalists.

It is clear in this situation that Spearhead must obtain more financial support from those who are its true friends. It is also clear that, while it will continue to support the National Front in the context of policies and political beliefs, it must become more independent in terms of its own means of financial and business survival. It is for this reason that we confirm that the temporary reopening of the fund, begun earlier this year, is now set on a permanent basis for the time being.

We ask all those who can help to send their contributions to a NEW forwarding address, which is: Spearhead Fund, P.O. Box

279, Croydon CR9 2RQ.

BEACON

Editor: Denis Pirie

BEACON is an independent publication produced privately by its editor

It doesn't earn a profit out of Nationalism for the benefit of any individual. Neither does it receive vast subsidies from foreigners thus allowing it to appear 20 pages long. Beacon was launched by the sacrifices of ordinary NF members who felt that they needed a voice of their own

financial contribution Any towards its cost would be gratefully received. Cheques/postal orders should be made out to the Editor pending the establishment of a bank account.

Where it ends?

THE DIRECT election of a 'Leader' by the whole party membership was exactly the system that operated in the German Nazi Party, and just as its present exponents describe it as "democratic" so did Hitler.

The 1928 edition of Mein Kampf stated: "The movement stands on all levels for the principle of Germanic democracy: election of the leader, but absolute authority of him." By 1933, however, the text had changed: The movement stands on all levels for the principle of absolute authority of the leader, combined with highest responsibility."

It is a salutory warning to all those who might accept this principle that the first opponents of Hitler to be butchered were those inside his own party ...

- Richard Lawson

"Power corrupts. Absolute power corrupts absolutely

- After Lord Acton

VE'VE HAD IT ALL BEFORE

UNTIL the first years of the 1970s, the Directorate of the National Front was not much more than a panel of advisers with no effective power of its own. This body relied on the patronage of an annually elected 'Leader' - A.K. Chesterton. A.K., though an undoubted patriot with a great record of service to the Nationalist cause, was never-the-less autocriticism from any quarter or for any

While it would not be true to claim that all of A.K.'s appointees to the Directorate were selected for their

capacity to agree with him, it remains a fact that the few who ever dared to openly disagree were treated almost as treason personified. Although 'Leadership' elections occurred annually at A.G.M.s it is also a fact that no other candidates at such elections ever appeared. Certainly it seemed 'democratic', but it was the demo-cracy of one man - one vote - one

DO YOU REALLY WANT THIS
TO HAPPEN ALL OVER AGAIN?

Say NO to the 'Great Leap Backwards'

IT IS obvious to most of us in the party that National Front policies make sense. This fact is rammed home to more and more British voters daily by the assinine policies of the Establishment parties. Each day our political enemies prove the NF to be more correct, which fact is reflected in our party's continued growth.

Yet against all this there are those in the party who fear the commonsense of the people, and behave as if they hold the people's wholesome instincts in contempt. BELIEVE, FIGHT, and OBEY are their watchwords, and any mention of DEMO-CRACY, FREEDOM, or JUSTICE is greeted by them with reactions ranging from suspicion to downright

What are they afraid of, these elements, that they cannot trust not just the ordinary people in whose interests they claim to act, but even the bulk of their fellow National Front members? Are they perhaps worried lest it might be thought that they seek inspiration more from the past than from Britain's future? Haven't we had enough of authoritarian elitism in the Establishment parties without creating our own? Isn't the "we know best what is good for you" attitude the very thing our party was formed to fight against?

The party now has a system that can make use of everyone's talents. A vote to restrict all effective power to one fallible 'Leader' will take British Nationalism back to 1962, and render every advance and sacrifice made since

then as useless. Vote NO to the Enabling Act at this year's A.G.M. Remember the lessons of 1933.



FOR YOU FOR THE NEXT THREE YEARS ?

.' -NF members give their views 'What WE think.

"AS THE current Chairman of the National Front I am concerned that the party remains a party of its mem-bers and that its members elect their governing body so that we can genuinely claim to be democratically

constituted internally."

— KINGSLEY READ, Chairman

NF National Directorate "I JOINED the NF because it was a democratic British Nationalist party and neither myself nor the members of my Branch, Preston, are prepared to see it destroyed by authoritarianism."

— PETER COMISH, Chairman Preston Branch

"THE PRESENT system of election under the present constitution is democratic. With the enemies we've got we've got to be seen to be democratic. The system Mr. Tyndall wants is the short way to dictatorship."

—WALTER BARTON, Member National Directorate, former Chairman NF Trade Unionists

"WE NEED Beacon to provide a plat-form for the wholesome British values of fair play, honesty, truthfulness and moral decency. There is no room for perverse politics or perverse people in the great Britain we plan for

people in the great the future."

— JOHN FAIRHURST, West London Regional Agent

"WE ARE a party not autocracy. This is Britain not Germany 1933."

— KEN WRIGHT, Organiser

Lambeth Branch

"I HAVEN'T worked hard for this party just to see everything thrown away by the schemes of people who have been consistent failures in everything so far."

— TONY CREESE, Chairman

— Cheisea Group

"IT IS essential for the security and the continuity of our party that power remains in the hands of a number of elected men."

— ANDREW CONIAM, Member National Directorate

"THE RECENT Directorate elections went far beyond ordinary lobbying and became an organised campaign of a faction within the party with the result that certain people of that faction were elected onto the Directorate, and I believe in all fairness to the other members standing for the Directorate that these people should resign."

— GORDON BROWN, Member Executive and Directorate for 8 years "WHEN DECISIONS are collective they are made by open reasoning and persuasion. Who can say what, if any, is the rationale of the 'Leader', for you are not given reasons for discussion — but commands for mindless execution." execution."

- MIKE LOBB, former Member
National Directorate

"THE STRENGTH of the National Front lies with its policies and its members. A strong party doesn't need strong leaders."

— DAVE McCALDEN, National Secretary, NFSA

"WHEN WE say that the National Front isn't Fascist we mean it, but Front isn't Fascist we mean it, but what happens if it adopted a Fascist-style 'Leader' cult?"

— RON KERBY, Organise: Wood Green Branch, Treasurer, North London Regional Council

"ONE MUST always be careful when it is proposed that power be held in the hands of fewer people. For the next step may well be for all power to be held in the hands of one person. An organisation such as this will then become the personal property of that individual."

PETER HOLLAND, Member National Directorate

"I HAVE NOT worked 7½ years for the National Front to see it turned into a one man dictatorship. I will resist all attempts to deprive NF mem-bers of their rights within the party." — CARL LANE, National Treasurer, Member National Directorate

"THE NF does not attract people who are incapable or unwilling to think for themselves. It comprises people of diverse backgrounds from every stratum of society united in the certain knowledge that the policies of the NF are their only safeguard as individuals and their only salvation as a community. The great and insuperable strength of what they believe lies in the fact that it is not imposed from without, but generates from within their own hearts and minds."

— DENNIS MCLEAVY, Chairman South West London Regional Council

The 'Populist' Myth

JUST what is "Populism"? We would certainly like to know because everybody who opposes the ambitions of John Tyndall

immediately gets accused of it!
With regard to the National Front
"Populism" was a term first coined "Populism" was a term first coined by Martin Walker of The Guardian newspaper, who quoted out of context and totally misrepresented cer-tain things which I had said, and then set about floating the story that I am the leader of some "Populist" group that wants to water down policy.

This line – floated by an enemy

of the party was immediately and enthusiastically taken up by Martin Webster and later by John Tyndall, who give the distinct impression that they use it to smear anybody who they regard as a threat to their own personal power

I can only think that the frequency with which this accusation of "Populism" is hurled about shows that it is used to hide what they are really up to which is, in my opinion, putting themselves in control of a small band rather than being part of a credible political party.

political party.

It is interesting to note that according to Martin Webster the person who supplied Walker with his 'information' about the NF was a certain Gerry Gable, an agent of the Zionist 62-Group. This Gerry Gable now edits an anti-National Front smear magazine of his own which is called Searchlight.

This Searchlight magazine (which written by fanatical Zionists as well as members of the International Socialists) is far from being a sup-porter of the so-called "Populists". It closely parallels John Tyndall's claims in representing the latter as the repository of all orthodox Nationalism, and castigating Tyndall's opponents as "Neo-Conservatives" and so It would also be interesting to know in this context from whom Searchlight obtains 'leaked' information about the NF

It can only be concluded that contrary to what Mr. Tyndall says, the National Front's enemies are backing Mr. Tyndall and his followers rather than those who oppose Mr. Tyndall. They know that if the National Front falls under the control of Mr. Tyndall and his style of doing things that it will become totally discredited in the minds of all selfrespecting Britons, and will degenerate into some small insignificant group of sycophants grouped around a tinpot Fuhrer, and inhabiting the lunatic fringe. Roy Painter

Printed and published by Beacon, 35 Hollingbury Road, Brighton.

An answer to the muck-throwers

John Tyndall, Editor of Spearhead and former Chairman of the National Front, speaks to Richard Verrall.

This feature is being printed only after careful consideration by our Editor. For the last year certain people have been very busy exacerbating divisions in the National Front and in particular engaging in personal attacks on John Tyndall as a part of their efforts in this direction. In the way of reply Spearhead has done very much less than it might have done with the power and influence at its command. It has sometimes entered into argument on issues of policy and organisation but has never directly attacked individuals in the way that they have attacked its Editor. It has always been our hope that the less pleasant side of NF internal disputes might be spared a public airing.

Last month, however, a broadsheet was issued from an address in Brighton which contained a number of scurrilous and libellous attacks upon Mr. Tyndall and libellous attacks upon Mr. Tyndall and his supporters in the National Front. This broadsheet (of which we have reprinted a part) was issued widely among members of the NF and was quite clearly intended to prejudice the course of the recent Annual General Meeting by its misrepresentation of certain resolutions on the agenda. In view of these attacks, Mr. Tyndall has now decided to speak out in his defence. In this interview with me he discusses the issues of division within the NF.

RICHARD VERRALL.

R.V. These attacks that have led to so much division: when did they start?

J.T. It seems to me that they started sometime in the Summer to Autumn of last year. As you know, we were then in the run-up to the October General Election and all my thoughts and energies were centred on the work of preparation for that election. I therefore ignored the attacks, trusting to the good sense of members not to take any notice of them.

R.V. Would you say that up to that time the NF had been united?

J.T. Very much so, at least since mid-1972, when we had had a bit of internal trouble as a result of which the troublemakers left. After that time we had a thoroughly united party and one which, as you know, was growing at an unprecedented rate.

R.V. One of the charges that your attackers have levelled against you is that you are

against democracy in the NF and wish to make the leadership of the party a dictatorship. What is your answer to this?

J.T. This is complete rubbish. The dispute is not really about whether we should have democracy or dictatorship; I have always accepted that the NF is a democratic party. What is in dispute is the precise meaning of democracy. I believe that democracy in the party is best served by all the members electing the party leader and then being able to dismiss him if he lets them down on the job. Once he's elected, he must be given party merely on the basis of the personal

want, to eradicate from the party. Members of the committee (Directorate) tend to line up according to whom they favour as Chairman, and the whole business becomes a fight between those who stand in one line-up and the other - instead of what it should be: a line-up on the merits of the issues to be discussed, and an objective examination of those issues at all times.

R.V. Should this be taken to mean that you favour a leader with absolute power?

J.T. Definitely not, If anyone cares to examine the constitutional proposals that I have supported they will see that under such proposals the leader of the party can still be over-ruled by his committee, whether it be the Executive or the Directorate. This at least is in respect of major executive and policy decisions. The head of the party should have some personal power to act in ordinary day-to-day matters, otherwise how on earth can an organisation keep running? In the bigger matters he should be required to take his committee with him.

What I am opposed to is the power of the committee to dismiss the head of the



some power to do the job, otherwise we have anarchy.

What my opponents want is that all power in the party rests with a committee, with the head of the party being no more than a Chairman of that committee with a casting vote. The committee elects the Chairman, so that he is responsible to it rather than to the party as a whole.

I have seen with my own eyes the great dangers of this system. The Chairman is liable to be faced with a conflict between his responsibility to the party and his need not to lose votes on the committee. Where his position as Chairman may hang on one vote, he dare not risk upsetting one committee member - even if this means failing to act according to his duty to the party.

The system lends itself to the very faction-making that we all want, or should R.V. You are in effect saying that, although

resentment or dislike of one or two individuals whose votes can tip the balance against him - even though he may have carried out his duties to the satisfaction of the general membership of the party. I believe that in a general members' vote objectivity and the good of the party is what counts; in the narrow and restricted circles of a committee vote all sorts of other matters can intrude, such as vendettas, rivalries, jealousies and struggles for power. In this latter situation the head of the party can only give half his time and attention - if that - to the effective running of the party; much of the time he has to run around playing politics among the members of his committee, and that can sometimes involve shirking decisions that are necessary to the good of the party.

the head of the party should not have complete power, he should have some power greater than he has now. To this some members would say that such personal power can be abused. What is your answer to this?

J.T. Of course power can be abused! That is the perennial problem of history that constitution-makers have never yet solved. Power, however, can be abused by collective bodies just as it can be abused by individuals. At least there is this to be said in favour of giving a degree of power to an individual: as he is a clearly recognisable person he has not only power but responsibility. This means that if things go wrong he can be called to account; if they go very wrong he can be dismissed. But in the case of committees where does responsibility lie? These committees are very often largely anonymous. In our party they are elected by people who often know little about the credentials of any more than two or three of them. Then, when they decide wrongly, who is to be called to account? Who is responsible? Some may have voted one way and some another - we are not allowed to disclose who voted which way. Such a committee can impose upon the members of the party some appalling decisions, but at the end of the day no-one knows who is responsible and who not. That seems to me to provide much more possibility for an abuse of power, for dictatorship. Personal dictatorship is not the only kind of dictatorship there is; collective bodies can just as easily exercise dictatorship and sometimes with worse consequences.

R.V. One argument that was raised at the A.G.M. was that if the head of the party were elected by the whole membership this could open the way to some individual who might impress the members on first sight and in consequence get elected, then lead the party in the wrong direction. What is your view about this?

J.T. My experience is that the Directorate is at least as vulnerable to that sort of thing happening. In 1970 the members elected A.K. Chesterton as head of the NF by unanimous vote, as per the system in those days, then part of the Directorate met and decided "we know better than the members". They maneouvred A.K. Chesterton out and installed a relative new boy, John O'Brien, as Chairman. O'Brien proved to be an absolute disaster. In less than two years he had reduced the NF to a divided, demoralised and dispirited shambles, near to financial bankruptcy. No, I do not have confidence in the ability of a Directorate always to act with wisdom in these matters.

R.V. You were once a member of an avowedly 'National Socialist', or 'Fascist', organisation. Your opponents cite this as indication of your anti-democratic tendencies.

J.T. Yes, I was once a member of such an organisation. Interestingly enough, so were a number of those who are now in the fore-

front of the attacks on me. I do them the credit of accepting that they may have sincerely changed some of their opinions since then; they should do me the credit of accepting that I may have changed a number of mine, as I indeed have. It was a good many years ago, and I was then a much younger man. In revolt against the extremes of chaos and anarchy which I saw, and still see, prevailing throughout most of the Western World, I then leaned towards a creed that represented the opposite extreme, that of authority. This is what young men often tend to do.

With later years I have joined in the mental exercises that occupy many politically conscious people, whereby one tries to strike a sane balance between the idea of order and the idea of freedom — without leaning to excess towards one or the other. We have to find this balance in the National Front, and we will only find it by serious thinking and discussion; we will not find it by dividing into two warring factions, one yahooing against another because it previously stood for extreme order — or the other yahooing back at the first because its adherents were once woolly liberals.

I happen to be one of those in the NF who believe that Britain and the Western World are heading for a great cataclysm from which only a movement back to some authority and order can rescue us, and I believe that our own party must mould itself into a fit instrument for the establishment of such order — and that this represents the only possibility we have of saving this country.

I also believe strongly that a firm authority, responsible to the members, is essential as a guard against the efforts of political opponents to infiltrate the party, cause confusion in it, and divert it from its original aims. All those who do not want to see this happen should support such an authority — always providing, as I have said before, that it remains representative of, and responsive to, the members' will.

R.V. The broadsheet *Beacon* includes among its attacks on you the implication that you are making profits out of *Spearhead* and that you are receiving vast foreign subsidies. What do you say to this?

J.T. These are of course the tactics of the political gutter. The facts are that I receive a wage from *Spearhead*, which I have never tried to hide. This wage has to be balanced against the fact that between my *Spearhead* and National Front duties I put in a full week's work for the Nationalist cause. This wage is smaller than is being paid to the majority of people employed by NF Headquarters and considerably smaller than is being paid to at least one such person. During the whole time that I was carrying out the job of NF Chairman I was never paid any wage by the party.

As for the so-called 'subsidies', the fact is that we have about 140-150 overseas sub-

scribers to our journal. They pay their normal yearly subscriptions and just occasionally one of them may send an extra £1 or £2. The largest donation that I can recall coming from overseas was £50 which we once received, but amounts anywhere near that are very rare.

R.V. Your opponents say that it is wrong that you should have personal control of *Spearhead*.

J.T. I retain personal control of *Spearhead* for two very good reasons. One is that I started the journal 2 years before the NF existed and it has always been an independent journal. A good deal of the money raised to get *Spearhead* going came out of my own pocket; the remainder has been raised by me independently of the NF. In the earlier years I also put in an enormous amount of unpaid work for the journal, including at one time all the typesetting (twice per issue) and artwork.

The other reason why I retain personal control of *Spearhead* is that I have always been wary that the NF might get into the wrong hands and be diverted from the original aims of its founders. In such an event I am determined that such hands should not get hold of *Spearhead* too, but that it should remain dedicated to the sup-

port of these original aims.

While I insist on Spearhead's right to independence, I have always accepted that any newspaper or journal directly sponsored by the party should have precedence over it — providing of course that such a newspaper or journal acts as the official and representative voice of the party and not of any faction within the party.

R.V. In a supplementary edition of *Beacon* it was alleged that you sent a group of men to NF Headquarters to get hold of the members' files.

J.T. The facts about this matter are quite simple. On October 4th the newly elected National Directorate was to meet to elect, among other things, the National Chairman for the year 1975/6. It was clear to me from my own inside knowledge that this election would be very close and that I might get elected.

A few days before the meeting I received information, which was corroborated from two other quarters, that if I were elected an attempt would immediately be made by some of my opponents to take over the HQ building and commandeer the members' files — with a view to setting up a breakaway party.

I had no proof that this information was true but I did have a previous precedent to go on; this occurred in 1970. Then the members' files were removed from Head-quarters as part of a conspiracy against the established leadership, and involved in this was one individual whom I knew to be right

Contd. overleaf

ANSWER TO MUCK THROWERS

Contd. from previous page.

at the centre of the recent trouble we have

had in the NF.

I considered that to take a chance on this not happening again would be a dereliction of duty. I arranged for a body of men to be in the vicinity of Headquarters on the day of October 4th. Immediately the result of the election was known, a message was to be 'phoned through to them. If I lost the election, the message was to be that they should go home. If I won, the message was to be that they should stay on the premises or nearby until I arrived there, and in the meantime not permit any documents to be removed. A number of my Directorate colleagues were taken into my confidence over this and they can confirm what I have just said.

As it turned out, I was narrowly defeated and the men were instructed to leave the building and go home.

R.V. It has been alleged that when Kingsley Read was elected Chairman of the NF last year you immediately set about trying to undermine his position. Is this true?

J.T. The fact is that I defended Mr. Read's position against some others who might have undermined it. In this connection I received several letters from people questioning whether they should support Mr. Read, and to all of them I replied that they should. These letters can be produced, or at least people can testify that they received them.

At the A.G.M. in January 1975 I spoke up against those who said we did not want leaders in the party and said: "Our elected leader is Kingsley Read; we should follow him." This is on record.

Disagreements that I have had with Mr. Read since that time have not arisen out of any dispute of his Chairmanship but solely out of the legality, or otherwise, of certain decisions and rulings made by the National Directorate during the last year.

R.V. Mr. Read has said in a letter circulated to NF branches and groups that you are not fit to be NF Chairman. What do you think of this?

J.T. I am sorry that Mr. Read has chosen to say this. However, I do not intend to get involved in any public slanging match with him as to his fitness for the Chairman's job or mine. Ultimately people will form their own conclusions on that issue on the basis of the performance of the NF during my and his respective periods of office.

R.V. What do you think motivates those who have carried out attacks on you?

J.T. I can only guess, and it is a hazardous guess. The majority, in my opinion, have simply been misled. They are a little inno-

cent politically and tend to believe the last thing they have been told. I am sure that there is no basic quarrel between these people and me that cannot be patched up by our sitting down together and talking in a

friendly manner.

A smaller number, I would say, consists of people whom I may have personally upset at one time or another, mostly during the period when I was head of the party and had sometimes to do things out of party duty that did not make for instant popularity in all quarters. As an example, one man who has been publicly attacking me is a member against whom I had to institute disciplinary proceedings two years ago due to his behaving in a way prejudicial to the good name of the party. Two other men I upset because I required certain standards of order, efficiency and tidiness at National Headquarters.

In another case I had an exchange of views with a certain member in the columns of Spearhead. In dealing with his point of view I may have let him down with perhaps a little too hard a bump. At any rate, since that time he has done his best to make things difficult for me within the party.

Unfortunately, in any organisation there are these people who get personally deflated at one time or another over some minor issue and in consequence store up a massive load of resentment. A.K. Chesterton experienced it; so did I; so will anyone who

has to lead the party.

In this connection it is interesting to recall A.K.'s words, written about me in the July 1972 issue of *Candour*, when I assumed the Chairmanship of the NF: "He will find that the organisation he has taken over can only be run on a tight reign, and that every time the curb is used the atmosphere around him will become toxic with the resentment of essentially small people with hugely inflated egos. As two men can now attest, it is not a pleasant job".

This brings me to the smallest minority of all: people who are pursuing, perhaps quite sincerely, a political purpose. They really think they are doing the right thing according to their own political lights. My only quarrel with these people is that I do not think that they belong, politically speak-

ing, in our party.

R.V. The main resolutions which you supported for the change of the Constitution were defeated at the recent A.G.M. What do you feel is the position now?

J.T. Yes, they were defeated. They received a majority but not the two-thirds majority they required to be carried. It is clear to me that a great many people were dragooned into voting against them by a campaign of hysteria whipped up by those who opposed them, particularly by means of such things as *Beacon*. Such people were scared by cries of 'dictatorship' and did not even bother to examine what the resolutions were about. On the other hand, I accept that some people

did study the resolutions and quite sincerely opposed them in what they thought to be

the interests of the party.

I have not altered my opinion that some of the changes intended in the resolutions will prove to be necessary for the party sooner or later and I shall continue to try and persuade my fellow party members of the need for them. However, I have to accept that for the moment they have not been adopted and that we have to work within the rules as they are, whether we agree with them or not.

I have received several messages from friends in the party expressing their inclination to terminate their membership as a result of recent developments. To those people I urge that they stay in the party. If there are trends in the party that they dislike, their leaving will only strengthen the position of those who promote such trends. If they stay and their voice becomes strong enough, the trends can be reversed. This is always the case in every party: the party is what its members make it.

The National Front is Britain's last hope. Our loyalty to it should override loyalty to any individual or faction. If it is to keep together we must all discipline ourselves to accept decisions in it that we do not like, providing always that those decisions are made within the framework of the Constitution.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT 1976 NF DIARIES

We are pleased to announce that supplies of the 1976 NF Diaries are due from the printers during the last week in November.

To ensure immediate dispatch all diaries should be fully paid for by 20th November.

It is still not too late to place your order but the number of diaries available is STRICTLY LIMITED and will be sold on a 'first come — first served' basis.

Sincere thanks to all who have supported this effort to get an NF Diary established.

Cheques to 'Diary Offer', 50 Pawsons Road, Croydon, CRO 2QF, Surrey.

All patriots should read

CANDOUR

The British Views Letter

founded by

A. K. Chesterton

Published by Candour Publishing Co. Forest House, Liss Forest, Hants.

Industrial & Front

RED AS THEY COME

AFTER Jack Jones' hysterical outburst against the Spanish people at last month's Labour Party Conference, it is perhaps opportune to probe the background of this new self-appointed favourite of the Establishment.

Jones is forever unashamedly boasting about his past efforts to put down the Spanish nationalist workers as a member of the notorious 'International Brigade'. He seems very cagy, however, regarding his later role in the Second World War. Did he actually join the Services? Or was he, like every other Communist at that time, reluctant to fight for Britain against a member of the Nazi-Soviet Pact? And it would seem that not only on the issue of Spain is the General Secretary still a hard-line Marxist; according to a Workers' Revolutionary Party spokesman, Jones has signed the WRP petition protesting at the recent Special Branch raid on its subversive 'Red School'.

He has also lately appeared in the Communist Party's daily paper, categorically stating: "I think the *Morning Star* is essential reading . . ." And patriotic trade unionists will recall that Mr. Jones is a very strong advocate of race-mixing: speaking at the '74 TUC Congress, he declared, "...arbitrary factors such as race should play no part in employment, and we stand firm on integration". Certainly no Reds under the bed there!

there.

MORE EQUAL THAN OTHERS?

SINCE the majority of trade union leaders profess to be socialists, or at least believers in equality, you'd think they would practice what they preach and accept only the average salary of their members, wouldn't you? No way. Compare just a few of the top union leaders' salaries with those of their members:—

Jack Jones, Gen. Sec. of the TGWU,

RACE MENACE

Contd. from page 6.

move into other parts of Britain as well in the future, and so shortly the misery of watching coloureds move *en-masse* into the community will be extended to every other part of Britain as well.

The Irony is that so widespread is the publics apathy over the immigrant problem that it is likely that the Government's migration programme will succeed in imposing upon other parts of Britain the hideous spectacle shared at present by a handful of major cities; with few objections being

gets around £150 a week. Articulated lorry drivers of the TGWU, for instance, get between £25 and £40 basic.

Hugh Scanlon, President of the AUEW, gets over £101 per week. The basic rate for his members in engineering is less than £30 a week.

Lawrence Daly, Gen. Sec. of the Miners, gets £136 a week. A miner at the coalface gets £45. Surface workers earn even less than that.

Geoffrey Drain, Gen. Sec. of NALGO, receives £210 per week. Typists in a Town Hall get from £18 to £36.

Some socialism! Some principles!

MURRAY BACKS THE BLACKS

IN Southall, Middlesex, recently, over 2,000 Indians - a small proportion of Southall's Indian population - celebrated the 25th anniversary of India's independence. There to cheer on this alien gathering was Mr. Lionel Murray, no less. Mr. Murray apparently got quite carried away by the sight of all this Black Power. For at a later meeting of the powerful Marxist-orientated Indian Workers' Association, he fawningly assured them that the TUC was "totally opposed" to 'racial discrimination' (Marxist slang for patriotism), whether it occurred in a factory, office, shop, working men's club or a union itself. The Indians also heard Murray demand extensive provision for immigrants to learn English. Presumably since union bosses are forever calling for more black officials. facility with English will enable immigrants to gain the whip-hand over white workers that much quicker.

COMMUNIST CAREERIST?

THE Daily Telegraph Magazine recently published a portrait of Hugh Scanlon which stated under the sub-heading "Affiliations: Joined the Communist Party in 1936, 'does not think' he ever held office in it . . . and quietly tendered his resignation about the

raised by the West Country's unemployed, parents, ratepayers or those haplessly waiting for a council house.

One can only hope that when even-

tually the public does wake-up to the reality of the kind of grotesque society being shaped for it by our Government race-mixers they will act decisively and elect into power the National Front. For they can be sure that at the first opportunity the National Front government will effect

National Front government will effect legislation which will ensure that the alien menace with which this country has been burdened since 1948 will be removed a lot further than from Bradford to Bristol!

end of 1954"

"I'm an open Marxist still," he says, "an open non-member of the Communist Party (no kidding!)." Insists he is not a political animal, and only joined the Labour Party in 1962 because he felt that his union work made it necessary..." Hmm. It would appear then that Hughie joined the Labour Party about the time he was elected to the Executive of the Engineers. Quite a coincidence, what?

SOVIET T.U. COSMETICS

IN a desperate effort to improve their 'trade union' image after the disastrous visit to Britain of Alexander Shelepin, the ex-secret police trade union boss, the Soviet regime is to appoint a factory worker as his successor. He is Alexi Viktorov, 57, a member of the Communist Party since 1946. Although nominally a factory worker, he was appointed to the Central Committee in 1971, and later 'elected' to the Supreme Soviet. According to well informed Communist affairs specialists in Moscow, the appointment of Viktorov by the regime is seen as "an attempt to boost the image of Soviet trade unions as genuine workers' organisations at a time when the Kremlin is seeking to improve relations with Western free trade unions and Social Democratic parties".

INCREASE PRODUCTION — OR ELSE!

A NEWSPAPER report from China states that more than 10,000 troops were sent to Hangchow in August, to crack down hard on worker unrest in 13 local factories. Peking Radio said that the troops were ordered in because local workers had failed "to increase production". According to the Communist regime, this was because workers were: "under the pernicious influence of the counter-revolutionary revisionist line and bourgeois factionalism, due to the sabotage activities of a handful of class enemies".

As an example of the regime's brutal paranoia, it turns out that the wicked "class enemies" included the first and second secretaries of the Hangchow Communist Party! These officials had presumably taken a dialectical deviation in favour of something more liberal and humane, and obviously the workers followed them. However, the "class enemies" have now been purged, and, if still alive, are presumably helping the People's Police with their enquiries. Production is finally increasing. It only took the armed might of 10,000 troops to get the workers back to the grindstone. Beat that for efficiency!



Government and media conspire against public

NATIONALISTS will now be aware that the Labour Government has produced new proposals for toughening-up the existing Race Relations Acts.

Most dangerous of all the proposals contained in the Government's recent White Paper is the proposal which calls for the law to be changed so that in prosecutions for alleged "incitement to racial hatred" the Crown should not need to prove "intent" on the part of the accused speaker or writer in order to secure a conviction and a punishment of a fine of up to £2,000 and/or a year's imprisonment.

The White Paper makes it clear that any verbal or written statement, "whether true or false" may be made the subject of

Court proceedings.

The new law, then, if it comes into being, is aimed not just at individual speakers or publications who campaign against Immigration and the multi-racial society in the political arena, but also against individual scientists and the publishers of their learned works, where such findings contradict or cast doubt upon the Establishment's current orthodoxy concerning the "Equality of Man" and the "beneficial effects of a multi-racial society".

If this new law were to come into being, we might see a situation whereby an eminent scientist such as Professor Arthur Jensen produces yet more research to indicate (a) that human intelligence is more the product of genetic inheritance than environment; (b) that people of negro extraction in a multi-racial society (e.g. the United States) have a lower intelligence, on average, than their Caucasian fellow citizens, even after socio-economic environment factors have been taken into account; and (c) that these factors result in neither negro nor White school children deriving optimum education benefit from a racially integrated schooling system.

Clearly such findings (which have in fact already been made and published) have a huge potential implication for the whole of any society involved in a multi-racial situation. Such findings call to question not just the validity of a racially integrated schooling system, but the validity of a multi-racial society as such.

Possibly, even under the proposed new law, the Government would allow such findings to be published, providing they were

published in obscure academic magazines which circulate only to closed academic circles but not to the general public.

FEAR

What the Government does not wish to tolerate, however, would be for a journal such as Spearhead, which is known for its 'political' opposition to Coloured Immigration and the multi-racial concept, from RE-PRINTING such academic findings and from commenting on the implications of those findings in the wider SOCIAL AND POLITICAL CONTEXT.

Even the editors of pro multi-racialist national newspapers might, under the terms of the proposed new law, be forced to think twice before daring to even review such scientific findings for fear that they would be brought before the Courts and accused of "incitement to racial hatred" (quite regardless of the slightest proof that they had any such intent; quite regardless of the truth of

any of the facts published).

One would think that the very suggestion of such a suppressive law designed to inhibit freedom of research, freedom of comment, the freedom to publish matters of public interest, would cause an absolute storm of outrage from journalists and editors. One would have thought that the front pages of every national newspaper would be decorated day after day with banner headlines screaming: "Defend a Free Press!" or "Government's Muzzle on Race to be Opposed".

Certainly similar headlines would appear were a Government to attempt to push through a similar law seeking to eliminate, say, "incitement to class hatred".

nate, say, "incitement to class hatred".

But as we all know, the Press has been strangely quiet on the subject of the Government's White Paper on Race Relations and its implications for a free press — save that on the day following publication all manner of persons and bodies in favour of the proposals were quoted at length, while mention of the National Front's detailed statement of objection was uniformly suppressed.

The relative silence on the subject of the White Paper does not mean that journalists have not been active — they have. But they have been active in campaigning for the implementation of a 'Code of Practice' for journalists.

So far from being designed to safeguard press freedom, it is designed to complement the provisions of the White Paper and establish a situation whereby all journalists are obliged to write material favourable to the multi-racial concept; to suppress all material which compromises the multiracial concept; to promote the advantage of coloured people in our society — even if necessary in such a way as to disadvantage white people; and to engage in constant attacks against all individuals and organisations which are opposed to multi-racialism.

Incredible? Fantastic? Not at all.

N.U.J. 'COLOUR CODE'

Some while ago the Communist- and Trotskyite-dominated National Union of Journalists' National Executive Council set up a special committee to investigate ways in which all journalists belonging to the union could be compelled to assist the promotion of multi-racialism.

While two members of the N.U.J. N.E.C., Mr. Alex Palmer and Mr. Eric Gordon, were appointed to the committee as joint Chairmen, the working part of the Committee really only comprised three people: Mr. Lionel Morrison (of the Reddominated London Freelance Branch); Mr. Gary Singh (of the West London Branch — which includes Asian-inundated Southall and Ealing); and Mr. Dan McIntyre, of Birmingham Branch. Just how unrepresentative of the N.U.J.'s 28,000 members these three appointees are need not be commented upon here.

Already the N.U.J. has a general Code of Conduct in which Rule 10 states that N.U.J. members "shall not originate material designed to encourage discrimination on grounds of race, colour, creed or sex and exacerbate relationships". That rule is antifree speech enough, one would have thought. But Mr. Morrison and his chums did not agree and so they formulated a new special Code of conduct for N.U.J. members called "The Colour Code".

According to the April, 1975, issue of the Government's Community Relations Commission's *Journal*, the terms of this Colour Code are as follows:—

"1) Only mention someone's race or nationality if it is strictly relevant to the story.2) Resist the temptation to sensationalise

issues which could harm race relations. 3) Press for equal opportunities for the employment of black or Asian staff. This is especially urgent in areas where minority population groups form a significant proportion of the population.

4) Seek to achieve wider and better coverage of black and Asian affairs - social, political

5) Investigate (a) the treatment of blacks and Asians in relation to education, employment and housing and (b) the activities of

racialist organisations."

The purpose of this Code is quite clear: to render the profession of journalism as merely a propaganda function for and on behalf of multi-racialism and the international politico-financial Establishment which promotes it.

The principles behind the glib phrases of the Code have nothing to do with truth, freedom, objectivity and the duty to inform, but everything to do with tyranny. The kind of reasoning which gave birth to the Code is exactly the same kind of intellectual totalitarianism which justified the existence of the Ministry of Truth (where all the Government's lies were invented and history was continually re-written) in George Orwell's book 1984.

WHAT IS GOOD FOR YOU

The Establishment and, as we see here clearly demonstrated, the forces of the international Left, have clearly decided:

"Multi-racialism is good for you – and even if it isn't, you're lumbered with it, and we're going to MAKE multi-racialism work whether you like it or not. We appreciate that a lot of you still don't like it, so we're going to MAKE you like it (or at least, MAKE your children like it) by subjecting you to a massive and sustained brainwashing campaign.

"Our employees working in the press and broadcasting services only tell you things that we think it is right for you to know; will hide from you things that we think you should not know. We will give more and more journalists' jobs to Immigrants to help us with our mind-bending

operation.

"We will use the might of our news media to prosecute and defame any individuals or organisations who dare to oppose us and you can be sure that our media will make little or no mention when so-called 'patriots' get fined thousands of pounds and sent to prison for daring to express a racialist point of view in public!

The above passage is not an exaggeration or a send-up; it is exactly what the N.U.J.'s Colour Code means, stripped of high-sounding jargon and humbug. It is when we start to understand the full implications of developments such as the N.U.J. Colour Code and the Government's new White Paper on race relations that we might be forgiven for asking ourselves exactly how wide of the mark are such "notorious forgeries" as The



"You Give me a job, man, and I'll call them off."

Protocols of the Learned Elders of Zion?

(I do not believe that such a question could only be posed by a paranoid person. Paranoia is surely an intense feeling of anxiety which is not caused by any actual or potential threat or danger. The developments discussed in this article, surely, as reasonable enough grounds for any sane and freedomloving person to feel anxious and threatened.)

At this point it might be pertinent to ask exactly how much consultation did the

real boss of the N.U.J. Colour Code Committee, Mr. Lionel Morrison (described as a Cape Coloured), have with his 'Soul Brothers' on the Defence Committee of the Board of Deputies of British Jews? I would guess that his consultation with these people was far more considerable than the consultation he had with his fellow N.U.J. members.

Let it be remembered that it was the Board of Deputies who drafted the essential

Contd. on page 20

How to obtain SPEARH

Spearhead is available from our office to those who wish to ensure obtaining copies for

tain quantities for redistribution. month should take out a subscription by
a cheque or postal order for the amount
datting and the street course of the course
teoret ene vent bos toebirte ene both
in ino is done dont of vine south sw
NET TO SEE SEE SEE SEE SEE SEE SEE SEE SEE
ency and forcefulness our ancests
Discounts can be obtained
for bulk purchases as follows:-

£2,52 unsealed Overseas surface mail: £4.68 sealed £4.74 Canada, U.S.A., S. America, Africa, Middle East Overseas air mail:

(unsealed) £5.34 Australia, New Zealand.

Far East

20-49 copies: 11p each 50-99 copies:

9p each 100-249 copies: 8p each 250 copies and 6p each

PLEASE NOTE: These overseas rates apply as above if remittance is by international money order; if remittance is by cheque an additional charge of 25p applies, as our bankers require this as commission for the handling of all foreign cheques.

All cheques or postal orders should be made out to *Spearhead* and sent to: 50 Pawsons Road, Croydon, CRO 2QF, Surrey.



SIR: At the time of writing, Amnesty International has joined the hysterical chorus of condemnation over the execution of five terrorists in Spain.

Marxist elements in that country are feverishly endeavouring to create a revolutionary situation in the hope that it will erupt into a second Spanish Civil War when brother fought against brother - and unspeakable atrocities were committed. Hence the murder campaign against police-

I have worked in Madrid, and know the Spanish people well. Some of my most loyal friends are Spaniards. I can state with full confidence that none of them wish to see history repeat itself.

GRAHAM JONES, Wolverhampton.

SIR: The article which appeared in the September issue of Spearhead by John Tyndall "Some Reflections on Propaganda" contained many thought provoking and valid points.

Mr. Tyndall exposed one of the greatest fallacies of our time. He stated that we are "constantly told that the British as a race are congenital liberals in politics and will always be repelled by anything strident, forceful or militant in the way of a political appeal".

The fact is of course that the British as a nation are strident and they are forceful, and we have only to look back at our great history to see the truth of this. By their very stridency and forcefulness our ancestors created out of nothing an empire that was to become the greatest political, economic and cultural alliance the world has ever seen. Through their foresight and their efforts Great Britain was to become the heart of the industrial revolution and remained so for over a century, and it's military and naval might commanded a respectful fear and envy throughout the world.

The fallacy that we are a nation of liberals has been fostered and nourished by the press and broadcasting media, which are controlled by those whose aims are to break the once strong and proud spirit of the British people. It is further sustained by the

miserable collection of spineless cowards who currently dominate the British political scene. For we are cursed in this age with politicians who have failed to inherit the courage of their predecessors, and who will cower and cringe at the first outcry of any left-wing mob or bow and scrape to loud mouthed, upstart African leaders.

This cowardice is widespread throughout the whole of the British political structure, and it unfortunately gives the impression to foreign observers that the nation as a whole is afflicted with the same disease, hence the lack of confidence in the British

government, industry and people.

Forcefulness, like patriotism and pride in ones race, is frowned upon today, with the majority of the members of the Conservative/Labour/Liberal set-up preferring to present themselves as men of 'moderation'. But moderation, or liberalism, or whatever other name it would masquerade under is reduced to nothing more than outright impotence when faced with the unyielding forces of extremism.

It is in this condition of stagnation, lack of confidence and sheer apathy that people will begin to turn away from those they have trusted in the past and whose trust has been betrayed. Their trust will instead be placed in the men of strength and in the party which will accept no compromise and display all the qualities of stridency, forcefulness and militancy.

This is where the uniqueness of the National Front comes into it's own, and it must be ready to act on the trust which will one day be put in it by the electorate. It will then have the means and the opportunity to demonstrate to the world that our nation is strident, forceful and militant and that these qualities will forever remain a dominant part of the British character.

Through the intelligent and skilful application of propaganda, the National Front can destroy forever the myth of the British as "congenital liberals", and reawaken in our fellow countrymen the feelings of fierce patriotism that once fired our forefathers, that drove them to become empire-builders and undisputed worldleaders.

> ROY BURTON, Enfield, Middlesex.

Spearhead publishes the best letter to the press on National Front policy every month. Send your cutting to us not later than the 15th of the previous month. You could win a £1 Nationalist Books voucher. This month's winner (below) was published in the Ilford Recorder/Review.

THE informative Recorder News Probe into the problem of "Dole Queue Kids" last week will, I am sure, be read with interest by residents of Havering, and is equally applicable to many other boroughs in the Greater London area.

May I suggest, however, that the problem is not one that has as its root cause the inflationary period we are now experiencing, but is one that has been exacerbated by the failure of successive governments to undertake a firm policy of insisting that British workers in British industry be given priority rights in the production of goods which by custom and tradition they have always produced.

'Sickened'

Over the past decade one has learnt of thousands of British craftsmen made idle in industries such as textile, shipbuilding and more recently, men whose lifetime has been spent in producing motor-cycles which carried this nation's prestige to all corners of the globe, being made redundant whilst countries like Japan continue to flood the home markets with machines which should and could be made here.

F.T.A.T. for the past fifteen years, I have been sickened by the countless instances of my fellow trade unionists them redundant.

Certainly in my position as made redundant whilst furnichairman of Romford branch ture that they could have made has been imported, in some cases by the very same employees that were making Is it any wonder then there is increasing support for the National Front policy of British jobs for British workers, for we not only condemn the idiocy of importing labour to swell the dole queues but the equal idiocy of allowing home industries to be phased out in order that foreign nations may prosper.

When one hears the calls in the present crisis, calls to the loyalty and patriotism of the working population, it is as well to remember loyalty does not only apply to those of us who earn our daily bread by the labour of our hands.

Proof

It also applies to the alleged captains of finance and industry, who could provide proof where their true al-legiances lie if they were to re-invest their profits in this country and industries instead of that of our competitors abroad. — A. F. HARRIS, Havering Branch chairman National Front.

Trouble shooting

The Race War Spreads

Everybody should now be well aware of the report by the Metropolitan Police to the Home Secretary at the beginning of this year concerning the incidence of muggung in the London Borough of Lambeth. As a reminder, the Police reported that "80 per cent of the muggers were Black and 85 per cent of their victims were White". Crime statistics at that time indicated that White residents in that area stood a greater chance of being mugged than if they were resident in New York, U.S.A., once held to be the mugging capital of the world.

These figures indicated quite clearly that a race war had broken out, with marauding gangs of Black thugs deliberately seeking out White people to assault and rob. The figures bear no other interpretation.

Since I mentioned these matters earlier this year, the race war situation in South London has gone from bad to worse, as the South London Press dated 17th October, (despite its multi-racialist proclivities) was forced to make clear in the following news

The front page main leader was headlined: POLICE CHIEF CALLS IN THE SPECIAL PATROL.

"Lewisham's Police chief, Commander Douglas Randall this week called in the Special Patrol Group to help his force combat the rising tide of muggings in the Borough.

"In a statement issued last Wednesday. Cmdr. Randall said he felt 'deep concern' for the past 18 months at the escalation of mugging offences.

"I have had the full co-operation and support of Asquith Gibbes, Community Relations Officer for Lewisham, and his Executive Committee, who recognise that if mugging offences continue as at present it can only lead to the most serious deterioration in community relations.'

"A Lewisham Council for Community Relations official said: 'We must emphasise that we are not spokesmen for the Black community and because we support the introduction of the S.P.G. it doesn't mean it is going to be accepted by the Black com-

You have been warned, Whitey!

Immediately under that story was the headline: POLICE TELL OF 'WEAPONS VAN' FOR GANGS CLASH:

"Police told the Tower Bridge magistrate this week of the night in June when they stopped a van carrying a group of youths in Peckham High Street and found in the van a large collection of weapons.

"The weapons were said to include four axes, a meat cleaver, an air pistol, an iron bar, a length of steel cable, a brick, a bread knife, two carving knives, a lock knife and a penknife.

'Ten youths were before the Court, all denying having offensive weapons . . . The Prosecution said all 10, along with others, had been in the van . . . Questioned by the Police some of the youths were said to have admitted that they had been having trouble with other West Indian youths from the Lewisham and Brixton areas.

"Antonio Walkes . . . said: "We were fed up with the Brixton boys coming and beating us up every week, so we decided to get set up.""

At the side of the main lead story was the headline: WIFE TELLS OF ROBBERY

IN TUBE AT KNIFE-POINT:

"A young wife told an Old Bailey jury on Wednesday of her terror when she found herself alone in a tube train compartment with three youths who searched her for money while one held a knife at her throat.

"Mrs Maureen McCarthy, who was living in Brixton at the time said that that just before midnight on December 11 last year she and her husband ran for a tube train standing in Stockwell Station. Her husband jumped into one compartment but she could only manage to get into the following compartment as the train moved

"There was nobody else in the compartment, but then three Black youths got in. They stood pretending to read the advertisements and the next thing I knew they were around me and one had a knife at my throat, the point scraping my skin. He said he wanted money and if I did not give it to them they would rape or kill me. One took my purse which had about £5 in it and another felt all my pockets. When the train stopped at Brixton they ran off.'

"She said that three weeks later she travelled on the same train with her husband and at Stockwell Ricardo Osborne (21) of 43 Fairmount Road, Brixton, got in. 'I recognised him immediately as one of the youths and he kept averting his face . . .

"Osborne denied the charge ... after a two-day hearing Osborne was acquitted of

robbery by the jury."
On page 6 of the paper was the headline: POLICE TELL OF RIOT IN THE

"When 10 youths appeared at the Old Bailey accused of causing an affray at Stockwell tube station late one Saturday evening in October last year, London Transport Police described how nearly 100 youths and girls ran out of a tube train when its doors opened and then abused and jostled

other passengers.

"All 10 denied causing an affray. One denied charges of stealing a handbag and dishonestly receiving it. Two others denied possessing knives, and one other denied possessing cannabis.

Detective-Sgt. Kenneth North said the train pulled in at about 11.20 p.m. When the doors opened between 100 and 90 youths and girls got out and 'ran off, pushing and jostling each other and other passengers, and they were all shouting.' He saw two of the accused run full-tilt into a middle-aged couple, knocking the man to the ground.

"He then went back to the platform where he saw Mrs Marie Morris crying. She told him her handbag had been stolen . . . Detective-Sgt. Sarah Wood said she had seen Mrs Morris being pushed along with the stream of youths and she was very distressed. She had seen one of the accused run straight into a woman passenger and push her against the platform wall. The accused had shouted to her 'White trash'.

Detective-Constable Robin Bates said he had seen two of the accused together on the platform. One had deliberately bumped into an elderly man with a walking stick and knocked him down. One accused called him a 'White shit' and the other accused shouted 'Bow, you White bastard, to your Black superior'.

These events are not exceptional cases. They are a day to day feature of life in our multi-racial society. The situation in South London is, of course, particularly bad, but study of local newspapers in North, East and West London, and in many places in the Provinces would indicate that these incidents have a nationwide pattern. And that pattern is one of a racial war.

The incredible thing is that the war is being waged by Blacks - still a minority when compared to the population at large against Whites, the majority host population! Usually in cases of inter-communal strife it is the majority who persecutes the minority but thanks to the effect of the mass media the White population of our country has become so demoralised, so guilt-ridden, so cowardly, that acts of violence against our old folk and our womenfolk provoke little more than a shrug of the shoulder.

The Establishment, which is well aware of the failure of the multi-racial experiment, is fearful that one day the White men in this country may suddenly discover that they do have spines and that the time has come when they have no alternative but to assert themselves.

The job of the National Front is to ensure that the time of awakening comes sooner rather than later.

Record attendance at National Front Annual General Meeting

A record number of delegates attended the National Front's Annual General Meeting which was held throughout the day of Saturday 11th October, 1975, at Chelsea Old Town Hall, Kings Road, Chelsea, London, S.W.3. More than 800 members packed themselves into the hall and at one stage the Hall Manager had to warn the organisers that he would have to bar further entry as the hall was filled beyond its authorised capacity. Last year's A.G.M. attracted 500 delegates.

While that part of the meeting devoted to the debate of motions was largely confined to internal constitutional matters, the meeting concluded by carrying unanimously and enthusiastically a resolution proposed by Mr. Martin Webster, a member of the party's Executive Council, which committed the party to make war on the Government's proposed additions to present Race Relations

legislation: the motion was:-

"This A.G.M. notes with disgust the contents of the Government's recent White Paper on Race Relations law revisions. It considers that the proposals vest the Race Relations Industry with Inquisitorial powers which have no place in what is supposed to be a democratic society. It considers, furthermore, that the proposal to remove the necessity for the prosecution to prove 'intent' in actions involving alleged 'incitement to racial hatred' constitutes nothing more nor less than an attempt to render the nationalistic and non-multi-racialist point of view illegal. We, therefore, call on all Britons to put their own countrymen before Immigrants in housing, employment, education, welfare and social services, regardless of any provision of the Race Relations Acts. This A.G.M. wishes to express the total support of the membership of the National Front for Mr. J. Kingsley Read in his fight against the Race Relations Board.

(Mr. Read, the Chairman of the party, is shortly to appear in Court in Manchester as a result of circulating a leaflet to householders in Blackburn, his home town, calling on them to refrain from selling their homes to Immigrants and to sell their property to British White people only. Mr. Read's application for Legal Aid in this case has been turned down by the Law Society for the reason that in the opinion of the Law Society the Court would have no option but to find Mr. Read guilty. (!))

After the vote on this, the last motion to be debated, an appeal for funds was made which raised a record collection of more than £1,300. This was more than double the amount collected at the previous A.G.M.

Voting on the various motions before



The Chairman of the meeting, Andrew Brons, makes his opening address. With him on the platform are the other members of the NF National Directorate Executive Council (left to right) Andrew Fountaine (Deputy-Chairman) Martin Webster, J. Kingsley Read (Chairman), Carl Lane and Richard Lawson.

the meeting which advocated a variety of changes in the Constitution of the party was

in many cases very close.

A motion which called for A.G.M. Standing Orders to be revised so that motions which proposed changes in the Constitution of the party could be deemed to have been carried if they secured the support of a simple majority of members voting, instead of needing to secure the support of two-thirds of members voting as is currently the case, was proposed by Mr. Martin Webster and seconded by Mr. John Tyndall (Chairman of the party's Policy Department). This was defeated by 555 votes (53.57%) to 481 votes (46.43%).

A motion advocating that "the Chairman of the party, however, elected, shall appoint his own Executive Council and shall have supreme authority in the party, limited only by the Constitution" was proposed by Mr. Basil Butcher, a member of the Lambeth Branch. Mr. J. Kingsley Read, and Mr. John Tyndall both spoke against this motion and it was defeated decisively by 794 votes (95.56%) to 37 votes (4.44%).

A motion calling for the qualifications required of members of the party seeking nomination in elections for the party's governing body, the NF National Directorate, to be increased from a six month period of

Full Membership to a two year period of Full Membership, plus a 12 month record of service as an elected officer of the party, plus elected officer status at time of nomination, was proposed by Mr. Martin Webster and seconded by Mr. Blaise Wyndham (also a member of the Directorate). It was carried by 727 votes (79.63%) to 186 votes (20.37%).

A motion allowing for Extraordinary General Meetings to be called if more than half the branches supported a call for such a meeting was proposed by Mr. Kingsley Read and seconded by Mr. Martin Webster. The motion received a majority of 479 votes to 432 votes but was defeated as it did not secure the necessary two-thirds majority required for it to be adopted as a Constitu-

tional amendment.

A motion proposing that the Constitution be amended to provide for resolutions which seek to amend the constitution of the party to be placed on the Agenda's of A.G.M.'s if they secure the support of one-third of the Branches of the party, even if they are not adopted and endorsed by the National Directorate, was proposed by Mr. Martin Webster and seconded by Mr. Peter Williams (also a member of the Directorate). It was defeated by 502 votes (51.9%) to 465 votes (48.00%).

A motion calling for the Constitution to be changed to reduce the size of the NF's governing body, the NF National Directorate, from 20 people to 10 people (including the Chairman and Deputy-Chairman); and to provide for the establishment of an advisory and consultative body comprising representatives of Regional Councils, was proposed by Mr. Martin Webster and seconded jointly by Mr. J. Kingsley Read and Mr. John Tyndall. This was supported by 514 votes (53.09%) and opposed by 473 votes (46.91%). However the motion was defeated as it did not secure the necessary two-thirds supporting vote.

A motion calling for the Constitution to be amended so that the Chairman and Deputy-Chairman of the National Directorate be elected by the whole of the membership and not, as at present, by vote of the members of the National Directorate, was proposed by Mr. Blaise Wyndham (a member of the Directorate) and seconded by Mr. Andrew Fountaine (Deputy-Chairman of the Directorate). This motion was opposed by Mr. J. Kingsley Read (Chairman of the Directorate). The motion received 508 (50.40%) supporting votes and 500 (49.60%) opposing votes. The motion was defeated as it did not secure the necessary two-thirds supporting vote.

A resolution proposed by Mr. Martin

Webster and seconded by Mr. J. Kingsley Read calling for Full Members' annual subscriptions to be raised from £2 to £4, for Associate Members' subscriptions to be raised from £1 to £2; for two new categories of membership to be instituted — Life Members at a single payment of £100; and Supporters with an annual subscription of £1 payable to Branches — was supported by 496 votes (58.20%) and opposed by 358 votes (41.80%). But as it did not secure the necessary two-thirds support (it being a Constitutional Amendment), the motion was defeated.

The difference between the number of delegates in the hall and the total number of votes cast for and against motions is accounted for by the fact members not able to attend the meeting were able to appoint proxy voters. About 500 members exercised that right.

The afternoon session was mainly devoted to the debate of resolutions, and the morning session to hearing reports from various Executives of the party; to the presentation of special awards to members who had performed outstanding service to the party, etc. The 'Tom Lamb Branch Development Cup' — an annual award to the Branch which secured the greatest number of new members was won this year by Leicester Branch.

CORRECTION

Dartford Branch of the National Front have asked us to print a correction of a news item that appeared in our August issue. This was a report of the hiring of two stalls at the Dartford Gala by the branch. The report stated that the branch made a profit of £37, which went into its own funds.

On someone seeing this report, the local Council, which sponsored the gala, approached the branch and demanded a larger share of the proceeds.

We are informed by the Dartford Branch that £37 represented the gross takings and that the net profit going to branch funds was in fact £20.

Companion(s) wanted for holiday in Rhodesia late '76.

Must be under thirty and NF members. Replies to:—

Neil Farnell, Box 1965, c/o NFHQ.

WANTED

SPEARHEAD Nos.31 and 44 and back numbers prior to No.30. Twice face value paid for good clean copies. Offers to Box 84.

Needed: An NF news collator

Spearhead would like to publish more news of National Front activities all around the country than it in fact does. We are willing to give at least three, and even possibly four, pages to NF news and progress reports, and we would like, as part of this, to print in-depth stories of the development of the party in various regions.

Our trouble in the past has been a lack of liaison with the regions concerned. Our Editor does not have time to telephone every branch every month to find out the latest news, and in the past most branches have been lax in sending news in of their own accord.

What we need is a person who will, as a voluntary service, assemble all news items from the NF during the month, and then choose from them those which most warrant a mention in our columns and edit these into reports — with photographs where appropriate and available.

It would be of some help if such a person were living within easy reach of us at Croydon, but this is not essential. So long as they were willing to make their address known, through *Spearhead*, to all local units of the NF, the job could be done anywhere — provided that all material is posted to us by a certain deadline every month.

Would anyone wishing to volunteer for this job please write to the Editor, and they will be informed more precisely of what is involved. All Patriots are urged to attend the

National Front Remembrance Day Ceremony and Rally

IN LONDON on SUNDAY, 9th NOVEMBER, 1975

Assemble for the Parade to the Cenotaph:

2.00 p.m. at the corner of Bressenden Place and Victoria Street, London S.W.1 (1 min. walk from Victoria Station).

Parade moves off:

2.30 p.m. prompt, along Victoria Street to Whitehall.

Ceremony at the Cenotaph:

3.00 p.m. Last Post — Reveille — Wreath Laying — short non-denominational Christian service.

Parade reforms and moves off for Rally:

3.20 p.m.

THIS PARADE IS A NON-POLITICAL ACT OF PATRIOTISM

Everybody — whether or not they are National Front members — who is proud of Britain and grateful to those who gave their lives for our nation in two World Wars should make the effort to attend this impressive and moving Remembrance Day ceremony. This is a NON-POLITICAL OCCASION. No banners or slogans of any kind will be carried — only the Union Jack. Ex-Servicemen are particularly urged to attend and march with the special ex-Servicemen's section. More than 5,000 men, women and children attended last year's ceremony. Once again let us show that the patriotism of ordinary British people is not dead, and that we remember the sacrifice of those who fought and died for British freedom.

GOVERNMENT AND MEDIA CONSPIRE AGAINST PUBLIC

Contd. from page 15.

points of what ultimately became the first Race Relations Act, and it was as a result of pressure from Board of Deputies' contacts in Parliament and in the media that the Race. Relations Acts came on to the Statute Books.

After patriots had successfully defended themselves against charges of "incitement to racial hatred" under the terms of the first Race Relations Act, it was the Board of Deputies who were responsible for instigating the campaign to get the need for the Crown to prove "intent" removed from the law, which campaign has now borne fruit in the Government's White Paper.

The Zionist anti-National Front hate magazine Searchlight (June, 1975) expressed the situation quite succinctly: "The position is quite clear — the bat is ours, the ball is ours and so is the pitch, and we will not allow them to be used by the racialists!"

You won't have it spelled out for you any plainer than that!

ALERT THE PUBLIC

Naturally the National Front must in the coming weeks and months mobilise a massive nationwide campaign to alert the public concerning the Government's proposed new race laws and the N.U.J.'s Colour Code, so as to bury these measures in a tide of public opposition.

This programme of resistance will begin when I, as Chairman of the NF's Publicity Department, present the National Front's verbal evidence to the Royal Commission on the Press on November 10th. (The invitation to submit verbal evidence came about as a result of the submission of our written evidence so ably compiled by my colleague Ernest Pendrous).

In giving this verbal evidence I shall not only seek to fire broadsides into the N.U.J.'s Colour Code and Governmental attempts to suppress Free Speech on the

subject of race relations — but shall also (in view of Harold Wilson's statements concerning break-ins at his homes) draw attention to the activities of a Zionist 'research' team which specialises in breaking into the homes of patriots and which feeds information to national newspaper journalists who boast of having been responsible for "service jobs" on the homes of private individuals.

While we should campaign against these various sinister developments, we should not expect that our campaign will succeed in persuading the Establishment not to implement its plans. I do not say this with any feeling of despair or despondency. On the contrary, I make the observation with a feeling of hope. The fact that the Establishment feels the need to push through one repressive measure after another is a fine compliment to the efforts of the National Front.

Our propaganda is having an effect — a cumulative effect. We are starting to influence public opinion. Our growing influence, plus the growing economic decay of the nation's economic situation and the accelerating violent chaos in the race relations field, has absolutely terrified the Establishment.

As a result of its hysteria the Establishment is resorting to more and more repressive measures. A healthy and working administration does not need to shore itself up by repressive measures. Repression is the last resort of worried tyrants.

As long as we maintain publicly the courage of our convictions, as long as we are not prepared to deflect from our chosen course in the face of casualties, as long as we are prepared to refuse to be intimidated, but instead step up our defiance, our propaganda and our agitation, then we can count on the Establishment resorting in its desperation to such new measures of repression as to win us new members in droves.

For the time being we have to fight a political GUERILLA war — goading and provoking the enemy but, so far as possible, avoiding a major set-piece confrontation. But as long as we all have the courage and

the perseverence to keep up with this work the time will soon come when we will have amassed the support necessary to draw the battle lines of the confrontation which will secure the survival of the British people and nation.

Read Britain First

Read Britain First, published in support of the National Front. Monthly. Six pages. Newspaper-style. Subscription for 12 issues: £2. Reduced rates for bulk supplies given on request. Send 10½p for sample copy now.

BACK ISSUES AVAILABLE

We have a considerable number of back issues available at the moment dating back to issue No. 79 (Sept/Oct. 1974). To clear these we are offering them at specially reduced prices. These are:—

20–49 copies: 6p each 50–99 copies: 5p each 100–249 copies: 3p each 250 copies and over 2p each

These are real bargains. Order your copies now. Postage should be estimated on the basis of 2 oz. per copy. We cannot dispatch copies if money for postage is not sent.

Orders to: 50 Pawsons Road, Croydon CR0 2QF (Tel. 01-684 3730).

Show the Flag

FLAGS, ROSETTES, POLES ETC. SEND STAMP FOR LIST

W. BROWN, 20 SUTTON WAY, HESTON, MIDDX, TW5 0JA

FIND OUT ABOUT THE NATIONAL FRONT

Send 15p for information pack.

Send 20p extra for copy of manifesto for General Election of October, 1974.

To: NATIONAL FRONT 50 PAWSONS ROAD CROYDON CRO 2QF (Tel. 01-684 3730) Name

Address

d last ye

Lenclose